किलोमीटर लम्बी सड़कों के या तो निर्माण किए जाने अथवा उनकी मरम्मत किए जाने की सूचना मिली है। इसके अलावा, उत्तर प्रदेश, मध्य प्रदेश तथा राजस्थान के विशेष समस्या वाले क्षेत्रों में सड़कों के निर्माण के लिए एक केन्द्रीय प्रायोजित योजना उत्तर प्रदेश में इस आधार पर लागू की जा रही है कि उसकी लागत को केन्द्र तथा राज्य के बीच 50:50 के आधार पर वहन किया जाएगा। 1985-86 तथा 1986-87 के दौरान, इस योजना के अन्तर्गत 34.65 करोड़ रुपए के प्रशासनिक अनुमोदन से 20 सड़कों तथा पुलों के निर्माण की स्वीकृति दी गई है। फरवरी, 1987 के अन्त तक 10.92 करोड़ रुपए के उपयोग किए जाने की सूचना मिली है।

(ग) और (घ) मंत्रालय में सड़कवार ब्यौरे नहीं रखे जाते हैं।

Multi-purpose Bansagar Project

802. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the reason for the delay in the completion of the multi-purpose Bansagar project formulated in collaboration with the Governments of Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh and Bihar in 1974 for irrigation and power projects;

(b) what is the cost escalation due to the delay in implementation of the project; and

(c) by when the project is likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) to (c) The main reasons for delay are constraint of resources and non-acquisition of land and property. The cost escalation is estimated to be about 7 to 10 per cent per year. The Dam is expected to be completed by March, 1992.

Irrigation under Tribal Sub-Plan in Madhya Pradesh

803. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the percentage of tribal population in Madhya Pradesh with respect to total population and what is the percentage of Minor Irrigation funds being allotted to Tribal Area Sub-Plans of the State by State Irrigation Department;

(b) what is the percentage of tribal beneficiaries in number and area with respect to the total beneficiaries of the State to whom the Irrigation Department has provided irrigation benefits during the years 1984-85, 1985-86 and 1986-87;

(c) whether it is a fact that the Irrigation benefits directly help the tribal families in uplifting their economic status;

(d) what are the reasons that the Government of India are not permitting the use of Special Central Assistance to supplement the plan funds of State Government being used for minor irrigation of Tribal Area Sub-Plan; and

(e) whether Government propose to change their stand and treat the minor irrigation programme of the State as entirely oriented to tribal family benefit and provide proportionate special central assitance to supplement such funds?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) The percentage of Tribal population in Madhya Pradesh is 22.97. The State Government has proposed allocation of 43 per cent of Minor Irrigation funds to the Tribal Sub-Plan.

(b) Beneficiary-wise figures are maintained at the Centre.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Special Assistance is given by the Centre for the entire Sub-plan as an additive to the State Plan funds for Tribal Areas Programme. Sector-wise allocation of this fund is decided by the State Governments in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Welfare. Minor Irrigation Schemes are allowed for Special Central assistance under Tribal Sub-Plan.

(e) No such proposal is under consideration.

Water potential in Madhya Pradesh

804. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total surface and ground water potential that can be harnessed in the State of Madhya Pradesh for irrigation purposes;

(b) what percentage of water potential has been harnessed upto the end of Sixth Plan both from surface as well as ground water and by Government and by private sources;

(c) whether it is a fact that Madhya Pradesh is lagging behind in creation of irrigation potential though it has maximum untapped irrigation potential available; and

(d) what is the main reason for slow progress in the creation of potential and what assistance Government propose to give the State so that it may develop its untapped irrigation potential by the turn of the century?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) to (d) The estimated ultimate irrigation potential of Madhya Pradesh is 10.2 m|ha., out of which about 17 per cent was created by the end of the VI Plan, which is below the country's average, owing to, among other reasons, late start in irrigation development and constraint of financial resources irrigation projects are planned and funded by the State Governments and Central Assistance is given in the form of block grants and loans.

Setting up of Frozen Semen Insemination Centres in Madhya Pradesh

805. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had recently received any proposal from the Madhya Pradesh Government regarding establishment of new Froezn Semen Insemination centres; and

(b) if so, by when sanction is likely to be accorded and funds made available for these centres?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Slum dwellers in cities of Madhya Pradesh

806. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what is the estimated population of slum dwellers in Indore, Jabalpur, Bhopal, Gwalior, Raipur and Bilaspur in Madhya Pradesh;

(b) what grants or assistances, if any, have been provided by the Central Government for the improvement in the quality of life standards of these slums dwellers; and

(c) whether Government have decided upon any minimum per capita investment for the improvement of these slums and whether that minimum is being provided to the State of Madhya Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) The estimated slum population in 1981, as